

CHARLESTON DAILY REBEL.

VOLUME I.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY

NUMBER 250

THE DAILY REBEL

EDITED BY

FREDERICK M. PATIL

Subscription and Advertising Schedule.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, \$1.00—Two Years, \$1.50—Three Years, \$2.00.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

The cost of advertising will depend upon the size and nature of the advertisement. An insertion of one-half page from the front page will cost \$1.00.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

We wish to inform our subscribers that we will pay the regular price of £1000 per annum for such an article as will pay the regular price of £1000 per annum for such an article as will be submitted to us by our correspondents, as well as any other news or information which may be received.

Address: FREDERICK M. PATIL, Charleston, W. Va.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 22, 1863.

To Publishers:

A good compositor wanted at this office.

For a recent letter to the Washington Times.

The Washington Tribune published the following letter, addressed by Mr. Seymour, to the "Vallandigham Sympathy Meeting," held in Albany, on Saturday evening last:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

May 16, 1863.

I cannot attend this meeting at the capitol this evening, but I wish to make my opinions in regard to the arrest of Mr. Vallandigham. It is an act which has brought dishonor upon our country. Adding upon the evidence of detailed informants, slumbering from the light of day in the darkness of night, arrested and violated the house of an American citizen, and furtively took him away to military trial, conducted without those safeguards known in the proceedings of our judicial tribunals. It interfered with the freedom of speech; it violated our rights to be secure in our homes against unreasonable searches and seizures; it pronounced sentence without trial, gave one which was a mockery, which insulted as well as wronged. The perpetrators now seek an impudent punishment, not for an offence against law, but for the disregard of an invalid order, put forth to the utter disregard of the principles of civil liberty.

If this proceeding is approved by the government and sanctioned by the people, it is not merely a step towards revolution, it is revolution; it will not only lead to military despotism—it establishes military despotism in this respect it must be accepted, or in this respect rejected. If it is upheld, our liberties are overthrown, the safety of our persons, security of our property, will hereafter depend upon the arbitrary will of such military rulers as may be placed over us, while our constitutional guarantees will be broken down.

Even now the Governors and courts of some of the great Western States have made no inconsideration before the despotic powers claimed and exercised by military men who have been sent into their borders. It is a fearful thing to increase the danger which now overhangs us by treating the law, the judiciary and the State authorities with contempt.

The people of this country now wait with the deepest anxiety the decision of the administration upon these acts. Having given its strongest support in the war, we pause to see what kind of government it is for which we are asked to pour out our blood and our treasures. The action of the administration will determine the minds of more than one-half of the people of the loyal states whether this war is waged to put down rebellion at the South, or destroy free institutions at the North. We look for its decision with solemn solicitude.

ZORATTO SAXON.

The resolutions adopted by the meeting point to the devotion shown by the Democrats during two years of civil war, and a determination to devote their energies to the cause of the Union during the assumption of military power in the hands of Mr. Vallandigham; assert the right of free discussion. They say that in the election of Mr. Seymour the people endorsed the system of arbitrary arrests, and end their case. President to restore Mr. Vallandigham to liberty. They direct a copy of the resolutions to be sent to the President with the governance of the design of the meeting to support the Government in every constitutional and lawful measure to suppress the rebellion.

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a substitute.

The case was heard on Friday last, and the facts so shown by the person who furnished a substitute under 18 years of age, to General, was accepted by Col. Johnson, of the 14th Alabama Cavalry, and a discharge given Russell. The substitute had frequently deserted, and the enrolling officer claimed that Russell was subject to conscription because the regulation of the Secretary of War, prohibited the enrollment of a substitute under 18 years of age. The Court discharged Russell, holding that, although the acceptance of a substitute under 18 years of age, was prohibited, yet, if such a substitute was offered, accepted, and a discharge granted by the officers charged with the duty of accepting, that no other officer could avoid his act. Answer to Prickett for Pollution, or, A. T. Requa, for Confederate States.

[Lindenlade Admiree.]

John H. Russell, of the county of Monroe, was arrested by Major Stone, enrolling a number of this District, as a conscript. He applied for and obtained from Judge Justice, of the Confederate Court, a writ of habeas corpus, alleging he was exempt from military service, because of his having furnished a